CITY OF LANCASTER, MISSOURI

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position—Cash Basis	3
Statement of Activities—Cash Basis	4
Balance Sheet—Cash Basis—Governmental Funds	5
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Cash Basis—Governmental Funds	6
Statement of Net Position—Cash Basis—Proprietary Funds	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Position—Cash Basis—Proprietary Funds	8
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	9-16
OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Cash Basis—General Fund	17
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule	18
FEDERAL COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	10.20
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	19-20

JOHN W. GILLUM, CPA, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

Member:
Missouri Society of
Certified Public Accountants
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants
AICPA Private Companies Practice
Section (PCPS)

310 S. Elson Street
P.O. Box 1068
Kirksville, Missouri 63501
Telephone (660) 627-1259
Toll Free 800-397-3630
Fax (660) 627-1250
email johngillumcpa@yahoo.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Aldermen City of Lancaster, Missouri Lancaster, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of City of Lancaster, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position—cash basis of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lancaster, Missouri, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position—cash basis, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Disclaimer of Opinion on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lancaster, Missouri's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information on pages 17–18, which is the responsibility of management, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

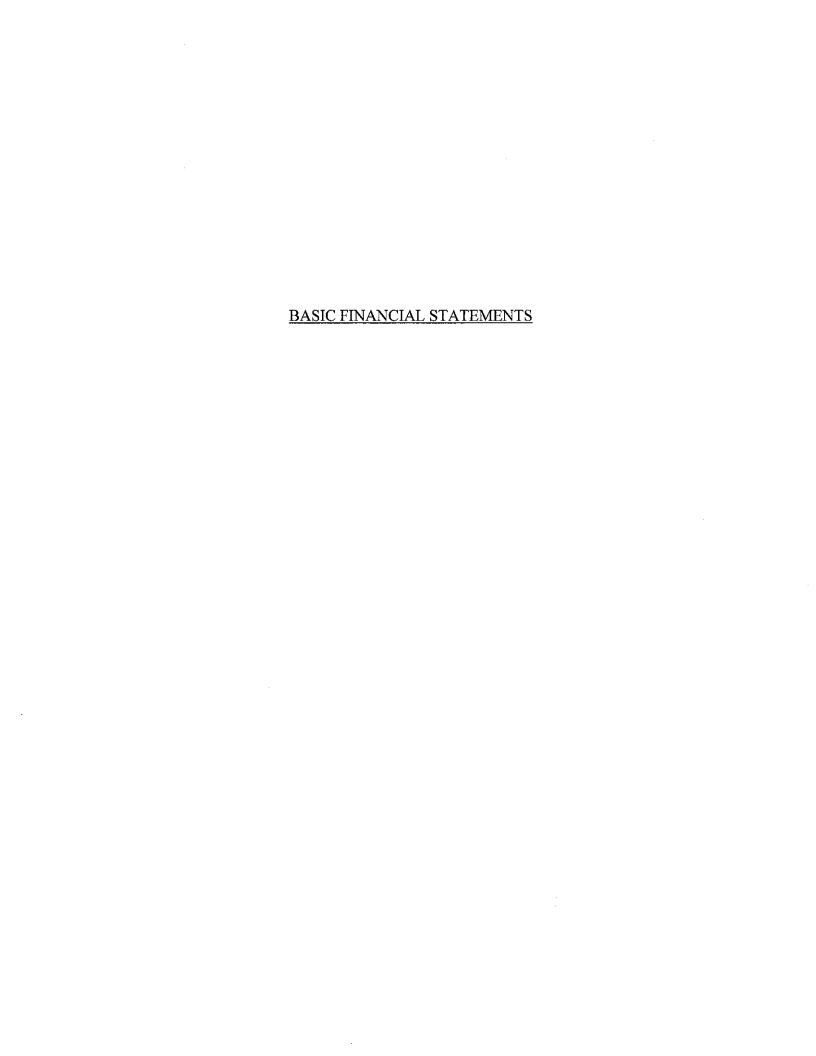
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 13, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Lancaster, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Lancaster, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

John W. Gillum, CPA, LLC Certified Public Accountant

luw Gelleun, ga ll

Kirksville, Missouri July 13, 2020



City of Lancaster, Missouri Statement of Net Position—Cash Basis December 31, 2019

	Primary Government		
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 320,715	\$ 444,236	\$ 764,951
Investments	5,702	24,639	30,341
Restricted cash & cash equivalents		<u>57,930</u>	57,930
Total Assets	\$ <u>326,417</u>	\$ <u>526,805</u>	\$ <u>853,222</u>
NET POSITION			
Restricted	\$ -	\$ 57,930	\$ 57,930
Unrestricted	326,417	468,875	<u>795,292</u>
Total Net Position	\$ <u>326,417</u>	\$ <u>526,805</u>	\$_853,222

City of Lancaster, Missouri Statement of Activities—Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Net (Expenses) Revenue &

		P ₁	Program Revenues	es	Changes	Changes in Net Assets	ļ
		Charges	Op	Capital	•	Business	!
		for	Grants/	Grants/	Governmental	Type	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental activities	Expenses	Services	Contrib.	Contrib.	Activities	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
General government	\$ 30.353	A776	€	€	(35.077)	.	(25.077)
Public safety))	· ·	(32,721)	· 1	
Streets	91 150	ı	98 127	1	6 977	1	6 977
Parks and recreation	14,958	11,060	2,048	2,442	592	ï	592
Cemetery	1,309	ı	ī	1	(1,309)	1	(1,309)
Capital outlay	5,000	1			(5,000)		(5,000)
Total governmental activities	184,491	15,336	100,175	2,442	(66,538)		(66,538)
Business-type activities							
Water	243,492	293,797	ı	15,000	,	65,305	65,305
Sewer	338,040	147,441	1	39,643	1	(150,956)	(150,956)
Trash	36,954	38,944	1	1	1	1,990	1,990
Payments on long-term debt	28,579			1	1	(28,579)	(28,579)
Total business-type activities	647,065	480,182	1	54,643		(112,240)	(112,240)
Total primary government GENERAL REVENUES	\$_831,556	\$ 495,518	\$	\$57,085	(66,538)	(112,240)	(178,778)
Taxes							
Property					59,514		59,514
Franchise					15,684		15,684
Surtax					1,404	•	1,404
Sales tax					18,609	•	18,609
Payment in lieu of tax					4,227	1	4,227
Investment income					4,126	7,710	11,836
Other					6,638		6,638
Total general revenues					110,202	7,710	117,912
Change in net position					43,664	(104,530)	(60,866)
Net position—Beginning					282,753	631,335	914,088
Net position—Ending					\$ 326,417	\$ 526,805	\$ 853,222

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

City of Lancaster, Missouri Balance Sheet—Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 275,188	\$ 45,527	\$ 320,715
Investments	5,702		5,702
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>280,890</u>	\$ <u>45,527</u>	\$ <u>326,417</u>
FUND BALANCES	•		
Unassigned	\$_280,890	\$ 45,527	\$ <u>326,417</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>280,890</u>	\$ <u>45,527</u>	\$ <u>326,417</u>

City of Lancaster, Missouri Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances—Cash Basis Governmental Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2019

9		Other	Total
		Governmental	Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
REVENUES:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Taxes			
Property taxes	\$ 47,671	\$ 11,843	\$ 59,514
Sales tax	18,609	-	18,609
Franchise tax	10,163	5,521	15,684
Surtax	1,404	-	1,404
Road and bridge tax	10,792	-	10,792
Motor vehicle—fees	3,334	-	3,334
User fees—gas tax	19,718	-	19,718
Motor vehicle—sales tax	64,283	-	64,283
Licenses & permits	4,276	-	4,276
Investment earnings	3,584	542	4,126
User feesrent	6,900	4,160	11,060
Payment in lieu of taxes	4,227	-	4,227
Donations	1,250	798	2,048
Grants	-	2,442	2,442
Other	<u>6,638</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,638</u>
Total Revenues	202,849	25,306	228,155
EXPENDITURES			
General government	39,353	-	39,353
Streets	91,150	-	91,150
Public safety	32,721	-	32,721
Cemetery	1,309	-	1,309
Parks and recreation	_	14,958	14,958
Capital outlay	5,000		5,000
Total Expenditures	169,533	14,958	184,491
Change in fund balance	33,316	10,348	43,664
Fund balances—beginning	_247,574	35,179	282,753
Fund balances—ending	\$ <u>280,890</u>	\$ <u>45,527</u>	\$ <u>326,417</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

City of Lancaster, Missouri Statement of Net Position—Cash Basis Proprietary Funds December 31, 2019

	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Total Proprietary Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Total Current Assets	\$ 356,794 <u>24,639</u> 381,433	\$ 87,442 	\$ 444,236 <u>24,639</u> 468,875
Non-Current Assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents	57,930		57,930
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>439,363</u>	\$ <u>87,442</u>	\$ <u>526,805</u>
NET POSITION			
Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 57,930 381,433	\$ - <u>87,442</u>	\$ 57,930 468,875
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>439,363</u>	\$ <u>87,442</u>	\$ <u>526,805</u>

City of Lancaster, Missouri Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Net Position—Cash Basis Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2019

	_ Water_	Sewer	Total Proprietary Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Water sales	\$ 269,640	\$ -	\$ 269,640
Sewer sales	-	146,927	146,927
Trash collections	38,944	-	38,944
Other	<u>24,157</u>	514	<u>24,671</u>
Total Operating Revenues	332,741	147,441	480,182
OPERATING EXPENDITURES:			
Cost of sales and services	218,046	317,065	535,111
Administration	25,446	20,975	46,421
Trash collections	<u>36,954</u>	_	<u>36,954</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>280,446</u>	338,040	618,486
Operating income (loss)	52,295	(190,599)	(138,304)
Non-operating revenue (expense)			
Grants	15,000	39,643	54,643
Investment earnings	6,499	1,211	7,710
Payments on long-term debt	<u>(28,579</u>)	-	<u>(28,579</u>)
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	<u>(7,080</u>)	40,854	33,774
Income (loss) before transfers	45,215	(149,745)	(104,530)
Transfers in (out)	<u>(75,000</u>)	<u>75,000</u>	
Change in net position	(29,785)	(74,745)	(104,530)
Net position—beginning	469,148	162,187	631,335
Net position—ending	\$ <u>439,363</u>	\$ <u>87,442</u>	\$ <u>526,805</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Lancaster, Missouri operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City's major operations include public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, culture and recreation, public improvements, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates water and sewer systems.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The more significant accounting policies used by the City are discussed below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present the City (the primary government). The City does not have component units required to be included in the City's reporting entity.

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's police and fire protection, park, cemetery, streets, economic development and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's water and sewer services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on the cash basis of accounting.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (general government, public safety, streets, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (general government, public safety, streets, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net cost (by function or business-type activity) is normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or gas taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc).

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. The City electively added funds, as major funds, which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The City reports these major governmental funds and fund types:

a. The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Proprietary Funds:

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The City reports the following proprietary fund types:

a. Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues. The activities reported in these funds are reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Water and Sewer funds operate the City's water and sewer system, which primarily serves City residents.

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

1. Cash Basis:

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. Under the cash basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when received and expenditures are recognized when paid. Acquisitions for capital assets and payments on long-term debt are recorded as expenditures, with no presentation of fixed assets or liabilities on the statement on net position.

E. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand and demand deposits.

2. Investments

The City's investments include certificates of deposit with original maturities of greater than three months.

3. Property Tax Calendar and Revenues:

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the year of the levy. Taxes are levied on October 1, and payable by December 31. All unpaid taxes become delinquent January 1, of the following year. The county collects the property tax and remits it to the City on a monthly basis.

The assessed valuation of the tangible taxable property (excluding state assessed railroad and utilities) for the calendar year 2018 for purposes of local taxation was \$5,159,545.

The tax levy per \$100 of assessed valuation of tangible taxable property for the calendar year 2018 for purposes of local taxation was:

	<u>2018</u>
General Fund	.9902
Park Fund	2000
	<u>1.1902</u>

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS (CONTINUED)

4. Compensated Absences:

City employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on the length of employment. Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid.

5. Defining Operating Revenues and Expenses:

The City's proprietary funds distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses of the City's water and sewer funds consist of charges for services and the costs of providing those services, including capital outlay and excluding payments on long-term debt. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

6. Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Net Position:

Government-wide and proprietary fund net position are divided into two components:

- a. **Restricted net position**—consists of net position that is restricted by the City's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by grantors (both federal and state) or by other enabling legislation.
- b. Unrestricted—all other net position is reported in this category.

7. Governmental Fund Balances:

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- a. **Nonspendable**—Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. **Restricted**—Externally enforceable limitations on use; amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes; limitations are imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed—Self-imposed limitations that must be set in place prior to the end of the period; amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Aldermen; removal of the commitment must also be approved by a formal action of the Board of Aldermen.
- d. **Assigned**—Limitation resulting from intended use; amounts that are designated by the Board of Aldermen for a particular purpose but are not spendable until there is a majority vote approval by the Board of Aldermen.
- e. Unassigned—All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The City does not have nonspendable or assigned governmental fund balances to report. In addition, the City has not formally adopted a stabilization policy.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS (CONTINUED)

8. Use of Restricted Resources:

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the City's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the City's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications—committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

NOTE 2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for all funds of the City. Annual operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year through passage of an annual budget ordinance and amended as required for the General Fund, Special Revenues Funds, and Proprietary Funds, and the same basis of accounting is used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures/expenses recognized on the cash basis of accounting.

The Board of Aldermen follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In accordance with State Statutes, prior to December 31, the City Clerk submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year. In addition, more detailed line item budgets are included for administrative control. The level of control for the detailed budgets is at the legislative (council) level.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. All unencumbered budget appropriations, except project budgets, lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 5. The Board of Aldermen may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year.
- 6. The City does not utilize encumbrance accounting with regard to budget or accounting functions.
- 7. Appropriations and the authority to expend funds lapse on December 31.

NOTE 3. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u>

A. CASH

State statutes require that the City's deposits be collateralized in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits. As of December 31, 2019, all bank balances on deposit are entirely insured or collateralized with securities.

B. INVESTMENTS

The City's investments at December 31, 2019, consist of:

Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Certificate of Deposit	02/17/2020	\$ 24,639
Certificate of Deposit	12/16/2020	5,702
		\$30,341

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The amounts reported as restricted assets consist of the following:

Water Fund		
2003 Bond issue		
Debt service	\$ 1	5,424
Bond reserve	4	2,500
Construction fund		6
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 5	7.930

D. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year:

Bonds payable at January 1, 2019	\$	151,000
Bonds retired	_	(23,000)
Bonds payable December 31, 2019	\$_	128,000

Bonds payable at December 31, 2019, consist of the following issues:

\$425,000 Water Works System Revenue Bonds Series 2003;	
interest at 2.40%; due in annual installments varying from	
year to year until maturity on July 1, 2024	\$ <u>128,000</u>

NOTE 3. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u>

D. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt maturities for the succeeding five years and beyond are as follows:

Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	
2020	\$ 24,000	\$ 3,072	\$ 27,072	
2021	25,000	2,496	27,496	
2022	25,000	1,896	26,896	
2023	26,000	1,296	27,296	
2024	28,000	672	28,672	
Total	\$ <u>128,000</u>	\$ <u>9,432</u>	\$ <u>137,432</u>	

Payments on long-term debt are reflected in the cash basis statement of activities, as follows:

Principal	\$	23,000
Interest		3,624
Bond Fees	_	1,955
Payments on long-term debt	\$	28,579

Waterworks Revenue Bonds constitute special obligations of the City of Lancaster, Missouri solely secured by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water system.

The revenue bonds are collateralized by the revenue of the water system. The resolutions provide that the revenue of the system is to be used first to pay operating and maintenance expenses of the system and second to establish and maintain the revenue bond funds. Any remaining revenues may then be used for any lawful purpose. The City of Lancaster, Missouri is in compliance with all significant resolutions.

NOTE 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

Significant risk of loss is covered by commercial insurance for the City. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 5. <u>ADVERTISING</u>

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. During the year, the City expended \$941 for advertising.

NOTE 6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

COMMITMENTS--NONE

CONTINGENCIES

The City has received notification of potential noncompliance with certain environmental laws and regulations. The City Administration and those charged with governance, along with legal counsel, are addressing the matter. The effect to the City due to the potential noncompliance has not been determined.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	

City of Lancaster, Missouri Budgetary Comparison Schedule— Cash Basis—General Fund December 31, 2019

				Variance
				with final
				Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Property taxes	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 47,671	\$ 2,671
Sales tax	16,000	16,000	18,609	2,609
Franchise tax	10,000	10,000	10,163	163
Surtax	1,500	1,500	1,404	(96)
Road and bridge tax	10,500	10,500	10,792	292
Payment in lieu of taxes	4,500	4,500	4,227	273
Motor vehicle—fees	3,500	3,500	3,334	(166)
User fees—gas tax	23,000	23,000	19,718	(3,282)
Motor vehicle—sales tax	75,000	75,000	64,283	(10,717)
Licenses and permits	4,500	4,500	4,276	(224)
Investment earnings	2,550	2,550	3,584	1,034
User fees—rent	· -	, -	6,900	6,900
Donations	_	-	1,250	1,250
Other	1,830	1,830	6,638	4,808
Total revenues	197,880	197,880	202,849	4,969
EXPENDITURES	,	,	,	,
General government	37,512	37,512	39,353	(1,841)
Streets	116,500	116,500	91,150	25,350
Public safety	27,500	27,500	32,721	(5,221)
Cemetery	, -	-	1,309	(1,309)
Capital outlay	16,000	16,000	5,000	11,000
Total expenditures	197,512	197,512	169,533	27,979
•				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	368	368	33,316	32,948
•			,	,
Transfers in (out)	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	w
Net change in fund balance	368	368	33,316	32,948
Fund balance—Beginning	247,574	<u>247,574</u>	247,574	<u>-</u>
Fund balance—Ending	\$ <u>247,942</u>	\$ <u>247,942</u>	\$ <u>280,890</u>	\$ <u>32,948</u>

City of Lancaster, Missouri Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule December 31, 2019

Budget Law

The City prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of RSMO Chapter 67. In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to January 1, the Mayor submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following December 31.
- a. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to January 1.
- b. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to January 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Board of Aldermen.

The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the object category level by department within a fund.

All transfers of appropriations between departments and supplemental appropriations require Board of Aldermen approval.

Basis of Accounting

The budget is prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, the conversion to the cash basis, is not considered material to the overall budget to actual presentation.



JOHN W. GILLUM, CPA, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

Member:
Missouri Society of
Certified Public Accountants
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants
AICPA Private Companies Practice
Section (PCPS)

310 S. Elson Street
P.O. Box 1068
Kirksville, Missouri 63501
Telephone (660) 627-1259
Toll Free 800-397-3630
Fax (660) 627-1250
email johngillumcpa@yahoo.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Aldermen City of Lancaster, Missouri Lancaster, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lancaster, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Lancaster, Missouri's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 13, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Lancaster, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Lancaster, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Lancaster, Missouri's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Lancaster, Missouri's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

John W. Gillum, CPA, LLC Certified Public Accountant

mw Helley All

Kirksville, Missouri July 13, 2020